

Section 5-10: Simplifying Complex expressions

$$(15 + 3i)(15 - 3i)$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} F & O & I & L^2 \\ 225 & -45i & +45i & -9i^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \\ 225 - 9(-1) \\ 225 + 9 = 234 \end{array}$$

$(15 + 3i)$ and $(15 - 3i)$ are

examples of complex conjugates.

The general form is $(a + bi)(a - bi)$.

You always end up with a real #.

ex a Find conjugate of $3 + 8i \rightarrow 3 - 8i$ ★

" " $12 - 3i \rightarrow 12 + 3i$

" " $7i \rightarrow -7i$

" " $-5i \rightarrow 5i$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{ex.) } \frac{8i}{(1+3i)} \cdot \frac{(1-3i)}{(1-3i)} &= \frac{8i-24i^2}{1-9i^2} \\
 &= \frac{8i+24}{1+9} \\
 &= \frac{8i+24}{10} \\
 &= \frac{4i+12}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{ex.) } \frac{(2+i)}{5i} \cdot \frac{i}{i} &= \frac{2i+i^2}{5i^2} \\
 &= \frac{2i-1}{-5} \\
 &= \frac{-2i+1}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

Assignment: p. 320 #16-42E, 50, 54
58 is e.c.